



TradeRES

New Markets Design & Models for
100% Renewable Power Systems

Local Markets & Energy Communities

T5.2 Leader: bitUnitor

T5.2 Partners: Imperial College London, LNEG, ISEP, bitUnitor

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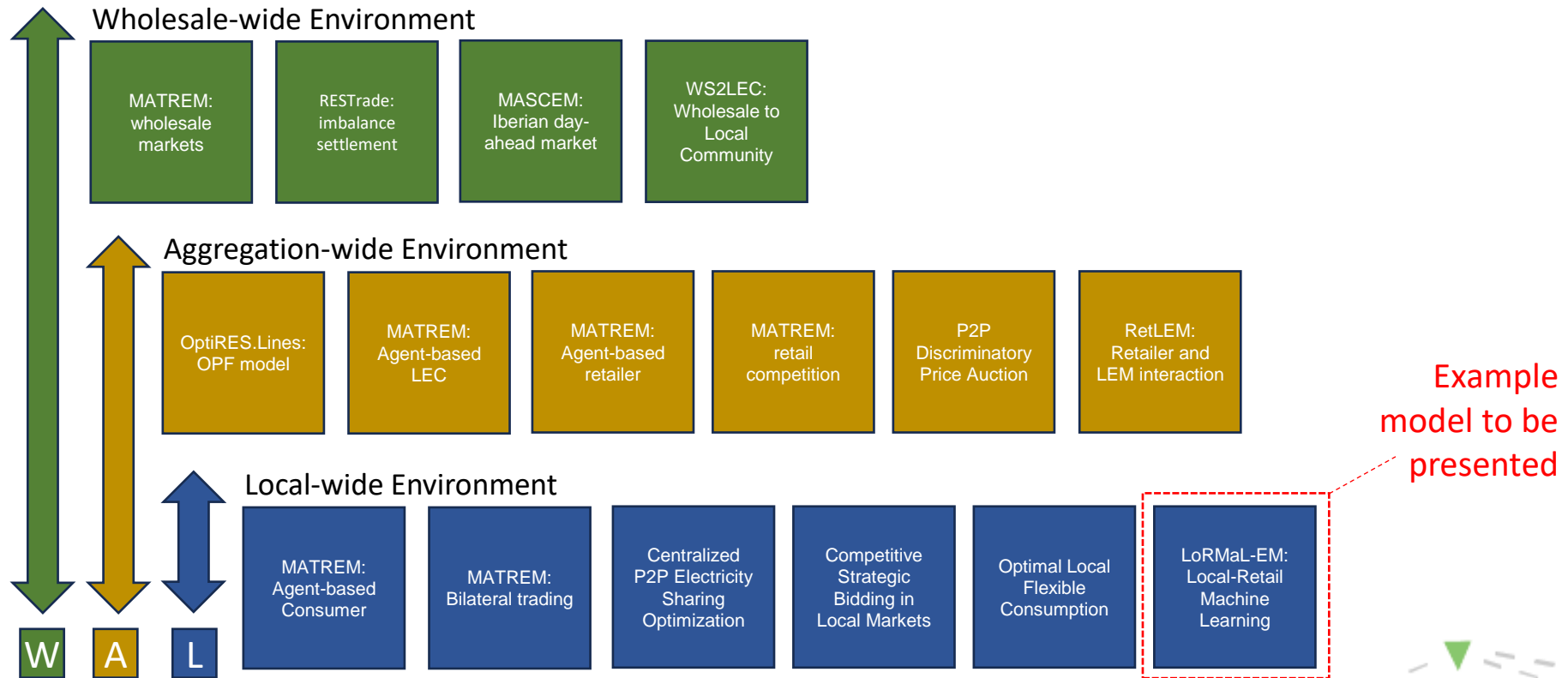
Agenda

- Overview
- Features & Methodologies
- Outcomes & Results
- Case study (Local-Retail Machine Learning)
- Blockchain for LEM
- Questions and comments



Local Energy Communities and Markets

- Review Existing Regulations, Schemes and Models
- Introduction of Simulations Environments
- Introduction of LMPs (Local-Market Performance Indicators)
- Development of 16 sub-models for examining different aspects





**Optimisation;
Agent-based Modelling;
Game-theoretical Approaches;
Simulation models**

Features & Methodologies

L **Tariff Optimization and Cost Reduction**

A **Features:** Optimization techniques to select tariffs; Strategic retail tariffs; Demand response programs to maximize savings and improve competitiveness

W **Models:** MATREM Agent-based Consumer, RetLEM, MATREM Agent-based retailer

L **Investment in Local RES and Self-Consumption**

A **Features:** Optimizing investments in local RES and Flex; Optimal power flow models; Effects of investments in networks

W **Models:** MATREM AB Consumer & LEC, Optimal Local Flex Consumption, OptiRES.Lines

L **Demand Response and Flexibility**

A **Features:** Time-of-Use vs. dynamic tariffs for load management; Centralization of LEMs to increase demand flexibility; flexible consumption to adjust with real-time pricing

W **Models:** MATREM Agent-based Consumer, Optimal Local Flexible Consumption, RetLEM

L **Peer-to-Peer (P2P) and Bilateral Trading**

A **Features:** Bilateral trading protocols; centralized optimization for local P2P transactions, Pay-as-bid model for trading

W **Models:** MATREM Bilateral Trading, Centralized P2P Electricity Sharing Optimization, P2P Discriminatory Price Auction

L **WS Market and DA Market Participation**

A **Features:** Wholesale market interactions; DA trading for communities to leverage broader market participation; Exposure to aggregators to WSM price signals

W **Models:** MASCEM Iberian day-ahead market, WS2LEC

L **Local Resource Aggregation and Management**

A **Features:** Aggregation of local resources; Coordination for strategic behavior; Communities to manage energy collectively; Coordinating local investments

W **Models:** MATREM Agent-based LEC, OptiRES.Lines, MATREM Agent-based retailer

L **Imbalance Settlement and Cost Computation**

A **Features:** Imbalance settlement; Computation of community imbalance quantities and prices for accurate cost allocation and market stability

W **Models:** RESTrade

L **Strategic Bidding and Auction Mechanisms**

A **Features:** Double-sided auction with strategic bidding; Participation in day-ahead and intraday markets, Retail-level pricing and tailored strategies for participation.

W **Models:** Competitive Strategic Bidding in Local Markets; MATREM Agent-based retailer, P2P Discriminatory Price Auction, MATREM wholesale markets, WS2LEC



Outcomes & Results

L Electricity Cost Reduction

A Achieves cost savings for consumers and prosumers through optimized tariff selection, local generation, or strategic market participation.

W

L Enhanced System Flexibility

A Increases the ability of the energy system to adapt to fluctuating demand and supply, often by leveraging demand-response programs and flexible consumption options.

W

L Increased Social Welfare

A Improves collective well-being by enhancing equity in pricing, increasing access to renewable energy, and distributing economic benefits more evenly among community members.

W

L Higher Participation Benefits in Wholesale Markets

A Allows LECs and smaller communities to benefit financially from engaging in wholesale and day-ahead markets, typically through aggregated bidding strategies that make participation feasible and profitable.

W

L Cost Minimization for Prosumers

A Reduces expenses for individual prosumers by optimizing energy usage and trading strategies within local or aggregation-wide markets, often through dynamic market mechanisms.

W

L Reduction in Imbalance Costs

A Decreases costs related to energy imbalances by accurately predicting, monitoring, and settling imbalance quantities, helping communities avoid costly imbalance penalties.

W

L Improved Local Carbon Neutrality

A Enhances the sustainability of local communities by increasing reliance on renewable energy sources, reducing carbon footprints, and supporting carbon-neutral goals.

W

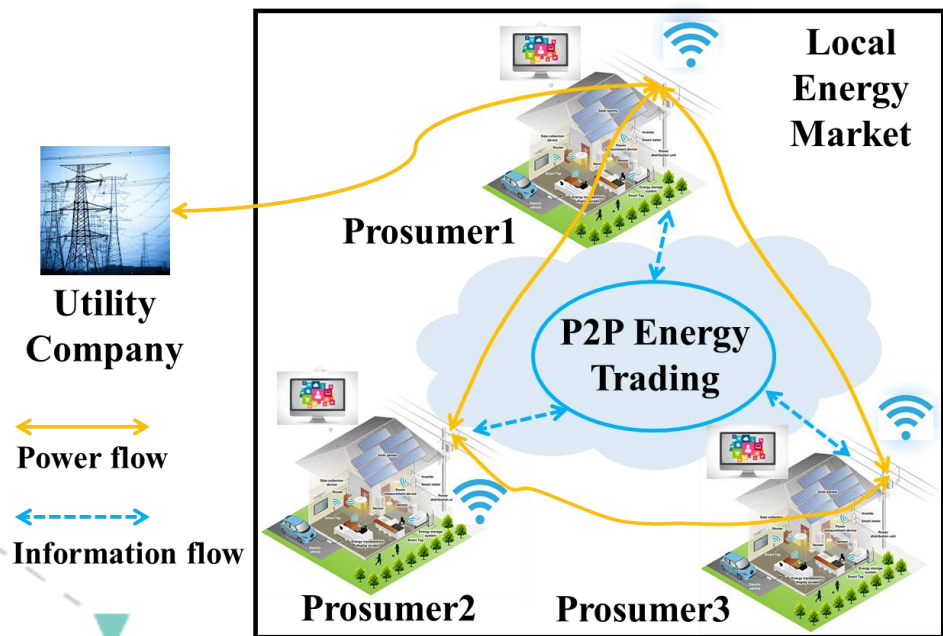
L Effective Market Competition

A Establishes a competitive environment that promotes fair pricing and resource allocation by encouraging suppliers to offer competitive tariffs and services.

W

P2P Energy Trading

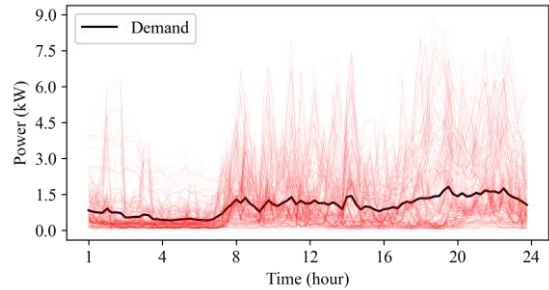
Peer-to-Peer (P2P) energy trading has emerged as a new market paradigm that enables direct and autonomous energy trading among prosumers within a local distribution level.



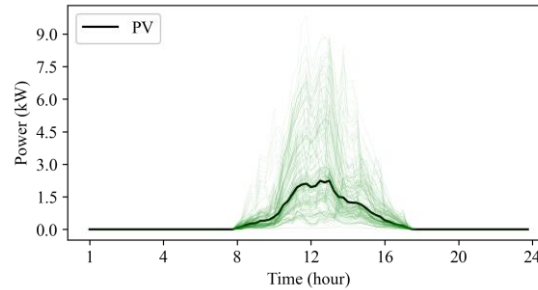
- Enhance coordination of prosumers' PV production and demand side flexibility, such as storage and electric vehicles.
- Balance local demand and generation, reduce aggregated demand peaks.
- Reduce energy customers' dependence on incumbent retailers.
- Form local trading and reduce energy costs.
- Avoid the distribution network reinforcement.

LoRMaL-EM: Dataset and Case Study

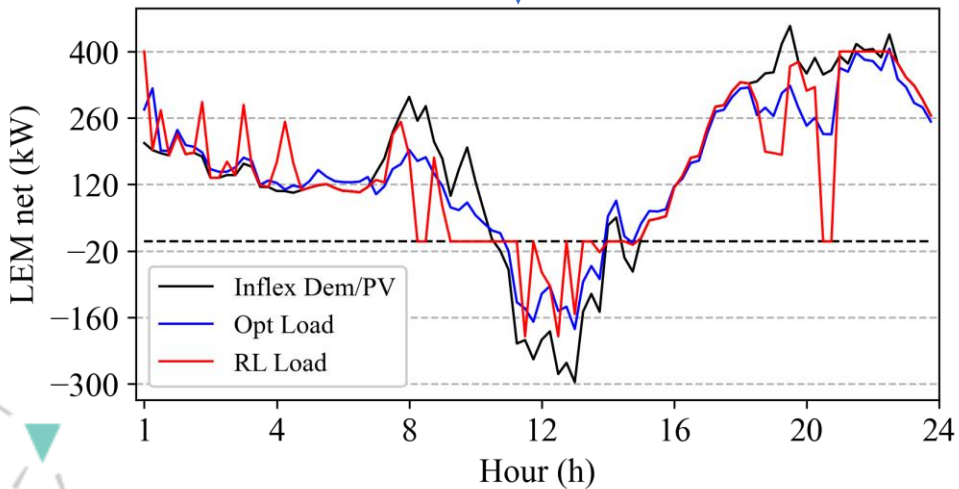
Local Demand



Local PV Generation



P2P energy trading



Local community aggregated net profiles of 250 households for Optimization and AI-driven approaches.

EU Residential Community Dataset:

- 250 households
- 250 demand, 200 PV, 150 Storage units

Case Study:

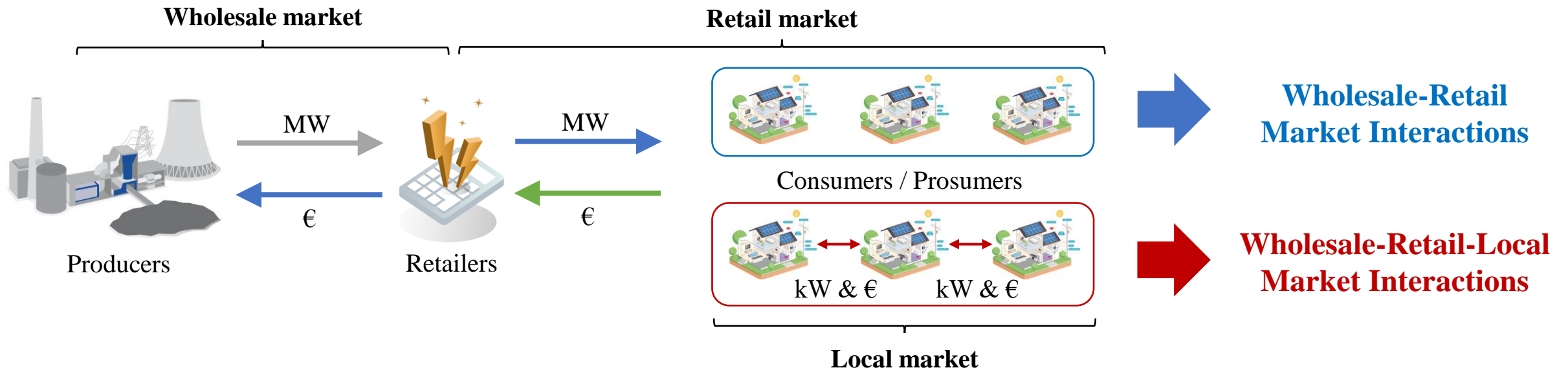
- More peak demand reductions at night.
- More PV absorptions at midday.
- Lower energy costs (2,527€).

Case	Strategy	Cost (€)
Optimisation	Static	2,625
AI-driven	<u>Dynamic</u>	<u>2,527</u>



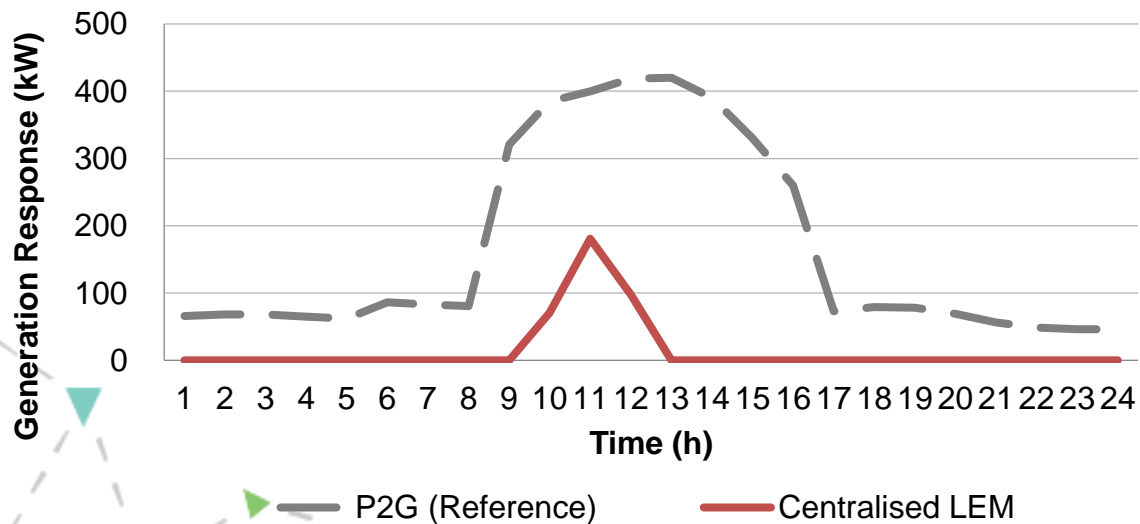
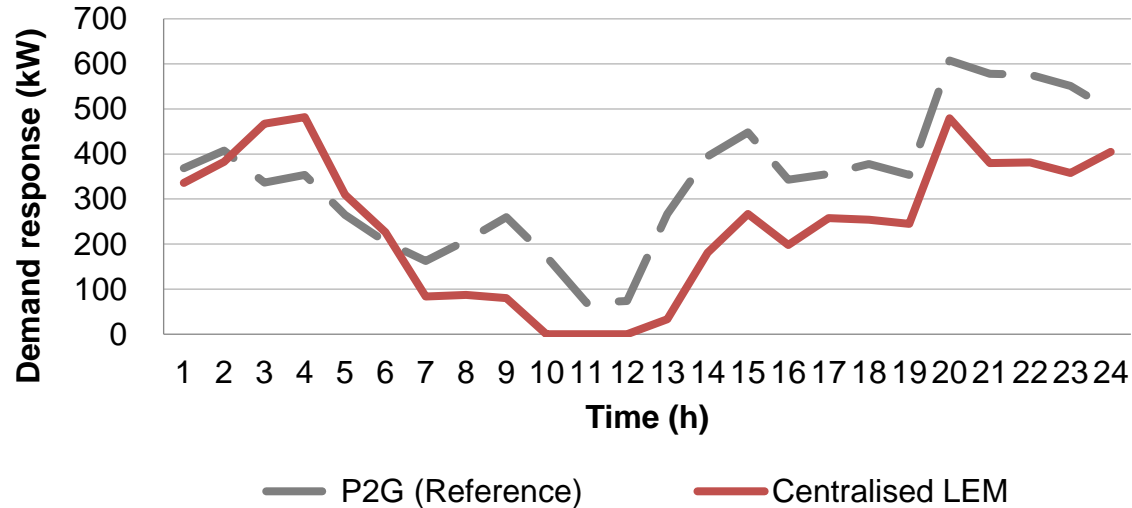
RetLEM: Model Overview

A comprehensive market design to capture the dynamic interactions between the wholesale market, retail market, and local market – through a tri-level optimisation approach.



- Upper level: market operator collects all bids and offers and solves a centralised market clearing algorithm.
- Middle level: retailers announce strategic retail pricing scheme to maximise their retail profits.
- Lower level: all consumers and prosumers make local trading activities to reduce their energy bills.

RetLEM: Community Response



The introduction of LEM reduces the dependence of end-customers on upstream electricity market.

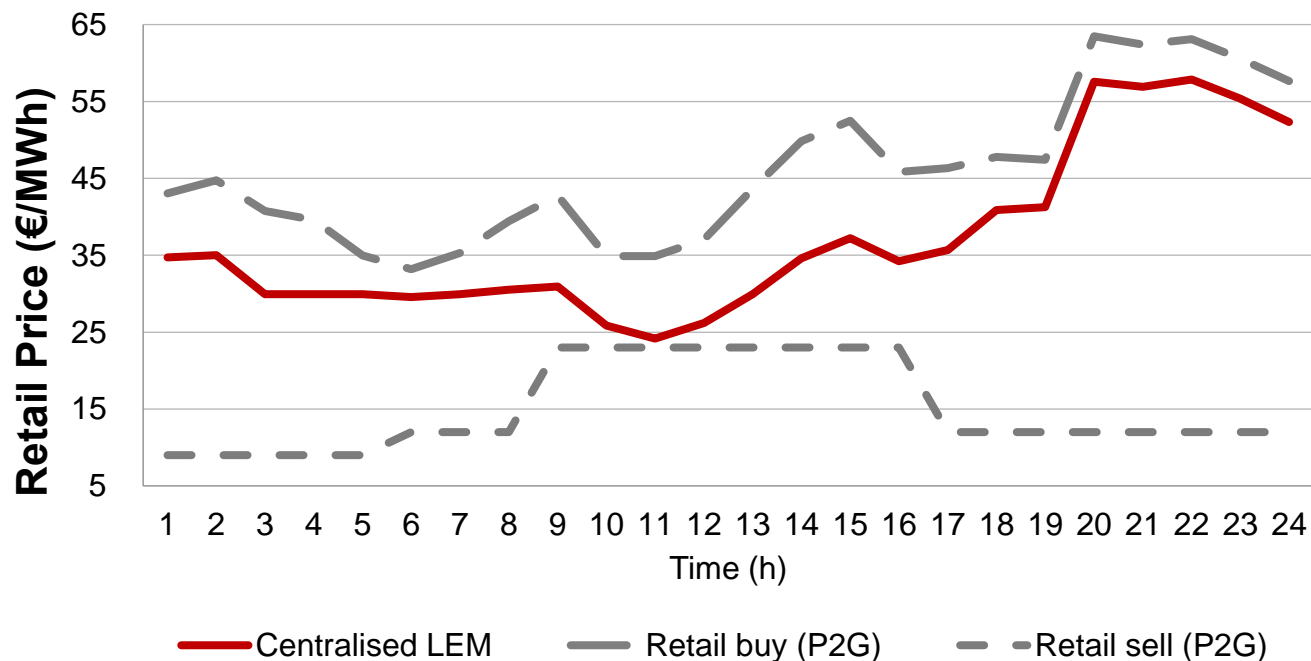
Peer to Grid (P2G) Market – dash grey line

- All consumers have to buy electricity from the upstream retailer.
- All prosumers have to sell electricity to the upstream retailer.

Local Energy Market (LEM) – solid red line

- Demand and generation can be balanced locally.
- Only the remaining deficit or surplus will be traded with the upstream retailer.

RetLEM: Retail Pricing and Business Case



The introduction of LEM reduces retailer's market power and increases customers' social welfare.

Strategic Retail Pricing:

- The local market pricing is designed between the low retail sell price and the high retail buy price.
- Retailer loses its profit due to the less business cases from end customers.
- Local demand increases its utility due to the lower local market price w.r.t. the high retail buy price.
- Local generation increases its profit due to the higher local market price w.r.t. the low retail sell price.

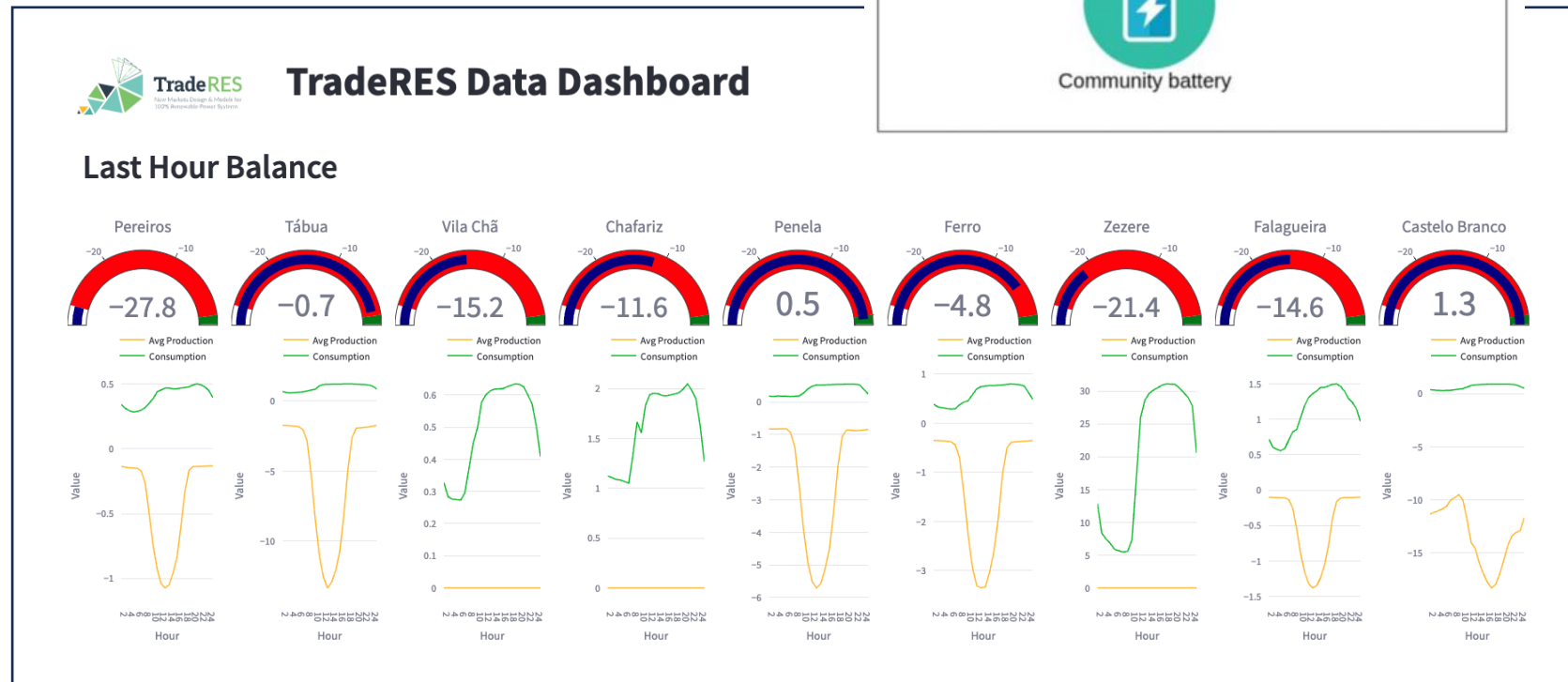
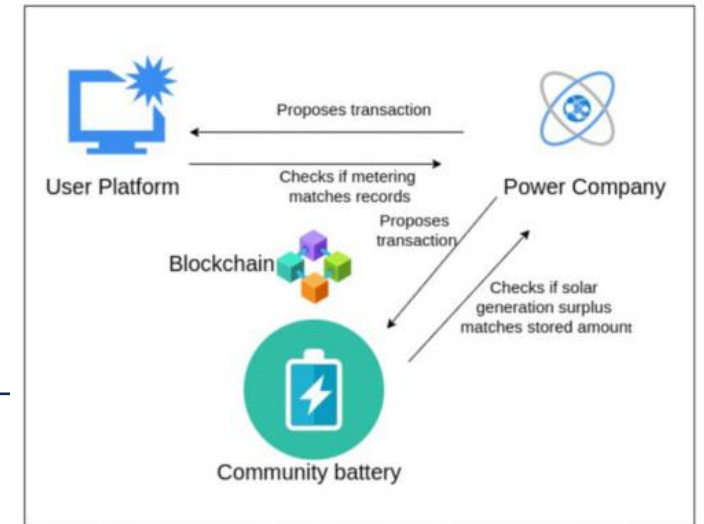
Market	Profit of Retailer (€)	Utility of Local Demand (€)	Profit of Local Generation (€)
Peer-to-grid	220.85	99.97	5.80
Peer-to-peer	<u>94.64</u>	<u>187.88</u>	<u>86.27</u>



- Link to Dashboard: <https://traderes-bc-app-mcmq7hsjpbhxudmvbve7hv.streamlit.app/>
- Link to GitHub repository: <https://github.com/ocatak/TradeRES-BC-Portal/>

Blockchain for LEC

- We have developed a Blockchain-based energy trading system for LEC
- The system is designed to demonstrate secure, transparent, and efficient energy trading.
- Utilizing Ethereum blockchain technology, this project introduces two main smart contracts: "EnergyExchange" and "EnergyToken"
- These contracts facilitate the production, consumption, and trading of energy tokens within a decentralized framework
- Energy consumption and PV data from Portugal (LNEG)



Link to GitHub repository:



Link to Dashboard:





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Questions or Comments?

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More information at: <https://traderes.eu/>



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