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## vRES Support & Investment Derisking Motivation

#### **Problem**



- Cost optimisation results not necessarily feasible for all involved actors
- Cause: Cannibalisation & limited foresight
- Effect: Possibly missing money for some market actors

#### **Research questions**



- 1. (When) Do missing money constellations occur?
- 2. Can vRES remuneration schemes solve the missing money problem?
- 3. How should vRES remuneration schemes be designed?



# vRES Support & Investment Derisking Main findings

#### Missing-money situations occur in some scenarios for certain technologies

- High interdependency with **hydrogen** price & level of **flexibility** (e.g. electrolysers)
- Highest investment risks for small-scale PV and wind offshore power plants

#### Support instruments can derisk vRES investments

- If chosen well, support instruments can **ensure** that vRES actors **recover** their **costs**
- But: they can also cause **distortions** on electricity markets

#### Support instrument design can also **impact**

- Curtailment: can induce lower / higher market-based curtailment of vRES
- Market Prices & Total Cost: can increase / decrease prices as well as overall cost





### **TradeRES Scenarios of ~100% RES Markets**

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High level of sector coupling and demand-side flexibility	S2 flexible	S4 radical
Moderate level of sector coupling and demand-side flexibility	S1 conservative	S3 variable
	~85% wind + solar + hydro	>95% wind + solar + hydro

#### S0 base

~65% wind + solar + hydro No sector coupling Non-thermal supply capacity



#### **Approach**

- Europe: Investment & dispatch cost optimization
- Germany: Agent-based dispatch simulation
- Both: Vary support instruments
- Assess market performance

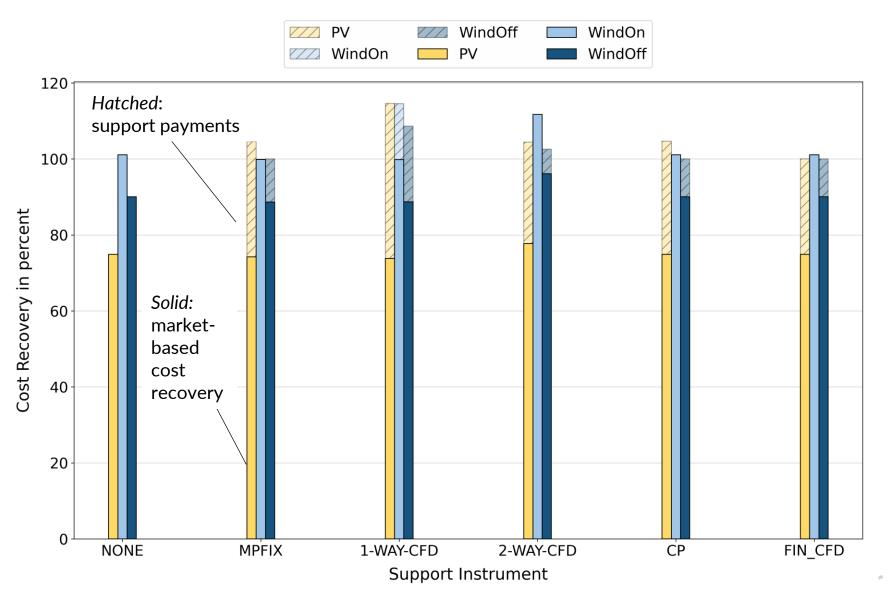
#### **Support instruments**

- "NONE": energy-only market
- "BASIC CFD": Contracts for Differences (CfD) with hourly spot price as reference price
- "MPFIX": fixed market premium (ex ante)
- "1-WAY CFD": variable market premium (ex post)
- "2-WAY CFD": two-way CfD as extension to the 1-WAY-CFD (ex post)
- "CP": fixed capacity premium
- "FIN CFD": Financial CfD, as suggested by Schlecht et al. (2023); country average as reference

Support instruments influence bidding behaviour



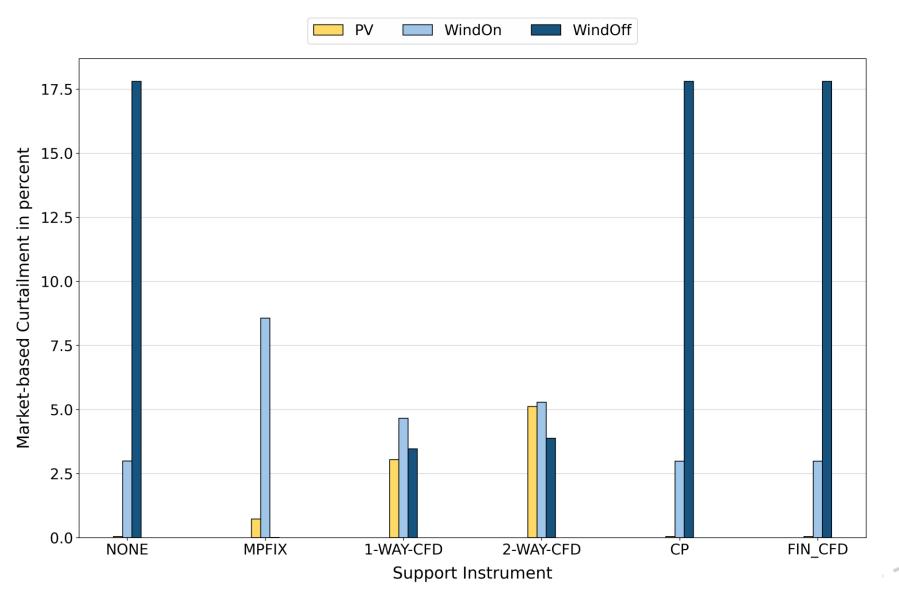
Cost Recovery – Scenario S1 – Germany



- No market-based refinancing for small-scale PV in any case
- Wind can (almost) recover costs on the market
- 1-WAY-CFD and 2-WAY-CFD: additional support payments during months with insufficient market incomes
- 2-WAY-CFD: higher prices due to negative premia in clawback periods and corresponding bidding / curtailment



Market-based Curtailment – Scenario S1 – Germany



#### Offshore wind

Highest variable costs among considered vRES technologies

→ Heavy curtailment for NONE, CP and FIN\_CFD (no dispatch distortions)

#### **MPFIX & CFD**

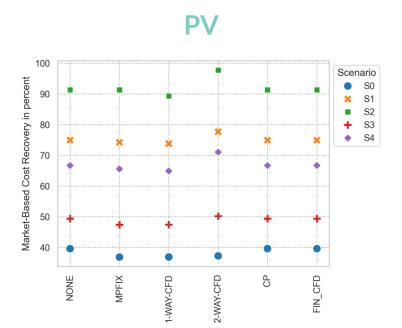
Bids & merit order impacted by expected premium payments

→ **Displacement** of PV & onshore wind by offshore wind

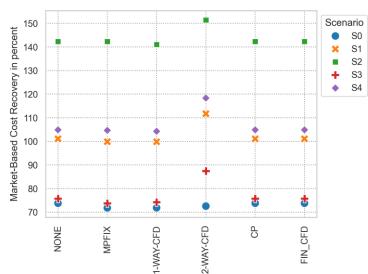




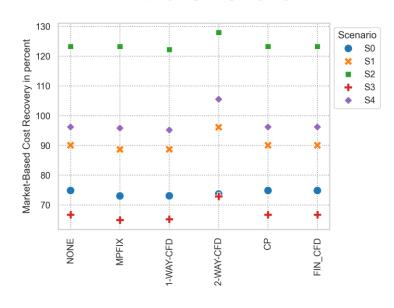
Scenario Dependency of Cost Recovery – Germany







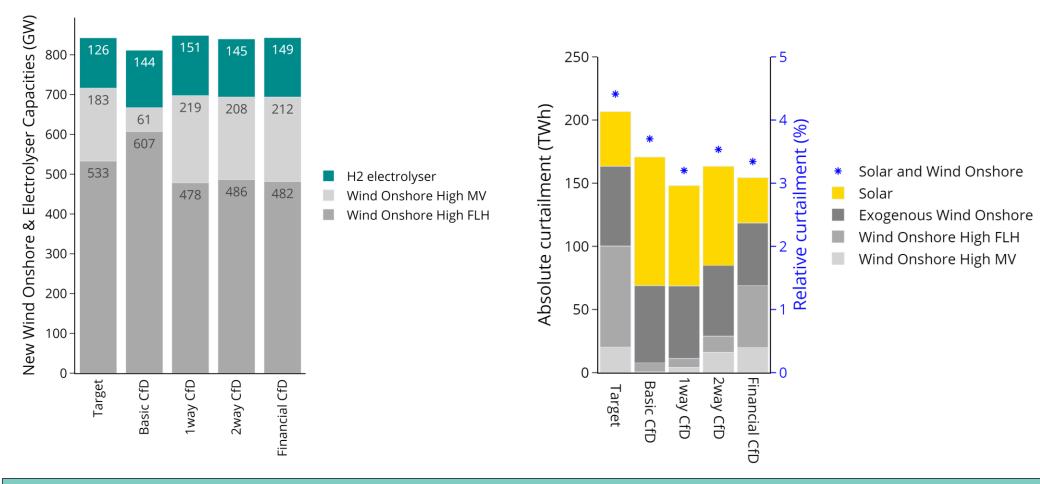
#### Wind Offshore



- Highest cost recovery rates for flexible scenario S2 due to higher hydrogen price
- Lower hydrogen price in S4 → less vRES cost recovery
- S3: lowest prices and market values for PV and wind across scenarios S1 to S4 (more vRES, less electrolysis)
- 2-WAY-CFD significantly changes market behavior
- Differences between scenarios have a greater impact than those between support instruments!



### Investment effects on the European scale

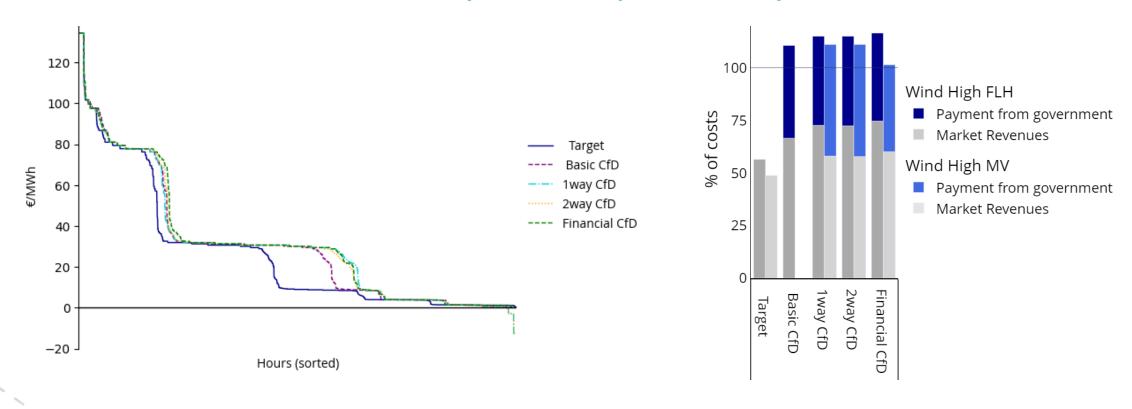


- Investment Changes & Dispatch distortions
- Curtailment affected by new composition of wind power plant types & dispatch distortions



Shift in prices and consequences for cost recovery

Price duration curve & ex-post recovery at the example of Denmark



Changes in prices cause shifts in market-based cost recovery & CfD payments



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### **Questions or Comments?**

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More information at: https://traderes.eu/



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