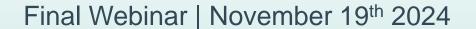
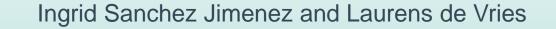


## System adequacy in ~ 100% vRES Power Systems







This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 864276

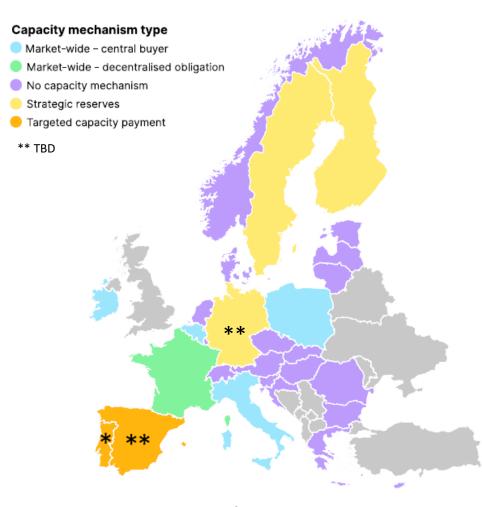


## **Motivation**

- Few scarcity prices due to price caps, limited demand flexib
- Low hedging levels due to risk aversion, random curtailmer
- Too many uncertainties: policy interventions, demand increfuel, CO2 prices, weather...

#### Research Questions:

- Can an Energy-Only-Market enable resource adequacy?
- How should a Capacity Remuneration Mechanism should be designed?



ACER security of supply 2022



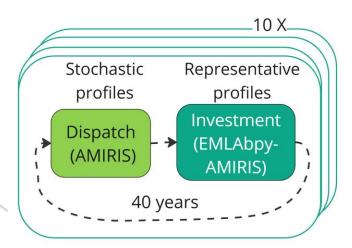
## Co-simulation of 2 Agent-Based Model

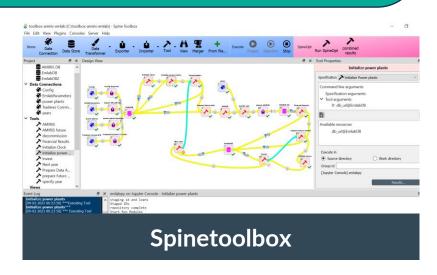
#### **AMIRIS**

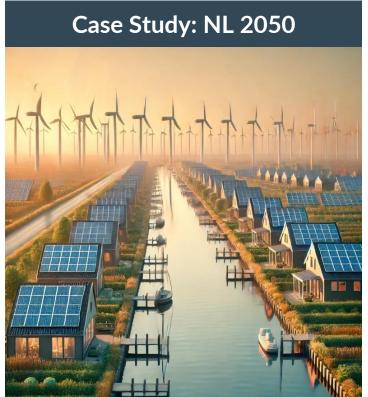
- Dispatch (hourly)
- More flexibility types
- vRES support policies
- No investment decisions

#### **EMLabpy**

- Investment and decommission
  - NPV > 0
  - Myopic
  - No guaranteed equilibrium
- •CRMs

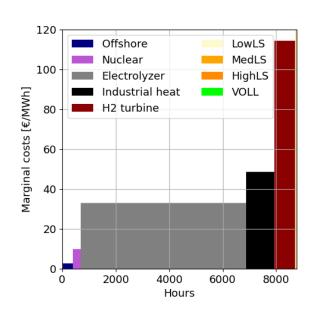


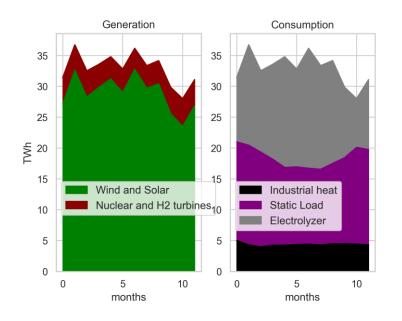


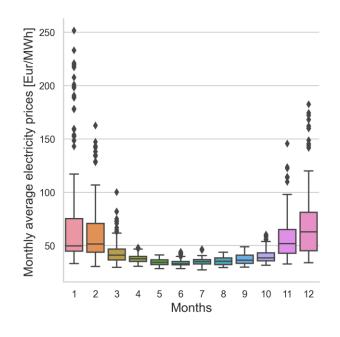




# Can an EOM enable resource adequacy in a ~ 100% RES system?



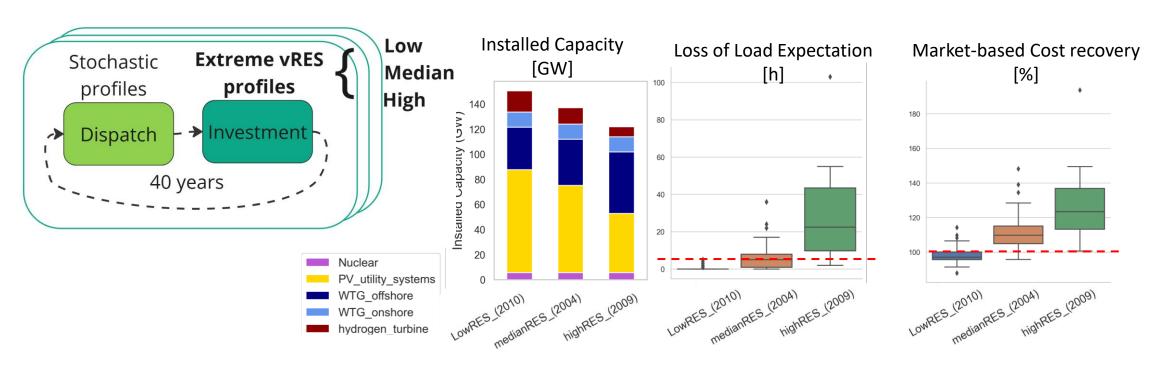




I. Sanchez-Jimenez, D. Ribo-Perez, M. Cvetkovic, J. Kochems, C. Schimeczek, L. de Vries. <u>Can an energy only market enable resource</u> <u>adequacy in a decarbonized power system? A co-simulation with two agent-based-models.</u> Applied Energy 2024



#### Would companies invest to ensure reliability?



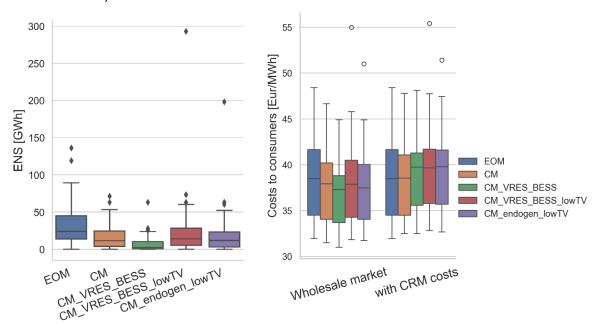
Weather uncertainty increased the variability of electricity prices by 10X and and of cost recovery by 3X.

I. Sanchez-Jimenez, D. Ribo-Perez, M. Cvetkovic, J. Kochems, C. Schimeczek, L. de Vries. <u>Can an energy only market enable resource</u> adequacy in a decarbonized power system? A co-simulation with two agent-based-models. Applied Energy 2024



# **Capacity Market**

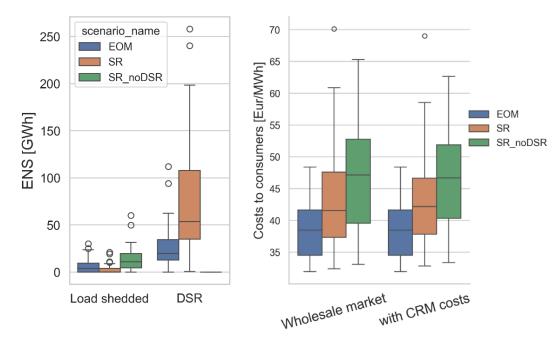
- Risk of overestimating derating factors of batteries and vRES, these were stable after 15
  years
- Target capacity can be easily under or over-dimensioned
- Lower wholesale market costs, and similar costs to consumers as an EOM





# **Strategic Reserve**

- Increased lifetime of plants in reserve, i.e. H2 turbines
- High electricity price volatility, because DSR was activated more
- The cost of the reserve was zero in the median case



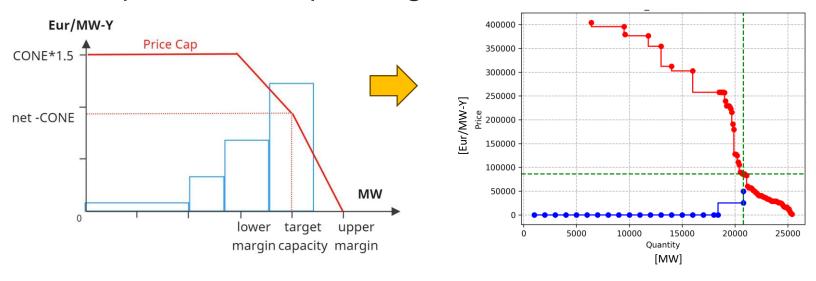






# **Capacity Subscription**

Consumers subscribe to the capacity they need during scarcity events Enables reliability to become a private good

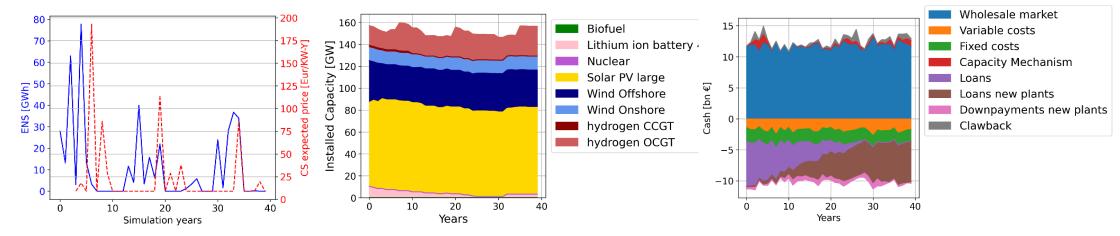


- Consumers adapt their bids based on the experienced shortages
- Generators make investments based on last year's CS price



# **Capacity Subscription**

- Volatile and high capacity prices
- Investment waves due to myopic bids from consumers and myopic investments
- Clawback reduced cost to consumers by 1 Eur/MWh



Source: Sanchez-Jimenez, Bruninx, de Vries. Capacity Remuneration Mechanisms for a Decarbonized Power System 2024



## **Conclusions**

- •A capacity market reduce shortages most effectively
- •Requires central parametrization, can easily be oversized
- Possibility for long-term contracts
- •Strategic Reserve extends power plants' lifetimes
- •It can incentivize more flexible generators.
- •Its activation after DSR disturbs the merit order and can make electricity prices more volatile.
- •Capacity subscription is a self-regulated mechanism that reveals the need for capacity and incentivizes more demand flexibility.
- Investment cycles may occur.
- •Requires guidance from retailers
- •A single buyer of long-term contracts may be needed.
- Hydrogen storage may also require a CRM.

	EOM	CM	SR	CS
Limiting shortages				
Reducing total system costs				
Reducing costs to consumers				
Revenue certainty for investors				
Prevents under/oversizing				
Reducing electricity price				
volatility				
Incentivizing demand response				

Sanchez-Jimenez, Bruninx, de Vries. <u>Capacity Remuneration Mechanisms</u> for a Decarbonized Power System 2024





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## **Questions or Comments?**

Ask & vote on Slido!



More information at: https://traderes.eu/



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